

## Materials and Equipment

### Materials

- Fibroblasts ([AU009-F](#), [AI001-F](#) or [AE009-F](#))
- Fibroblast Cellutions Medium ([I-GRO](#))
- Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS)
- 1× PBS (Ca<sup>2+</sup>/Mg<sup>2+</sup>-free)
- TrypLE Express or equivalent enzyme solution
- 15 ml and 50 ml conical centrifuge tubes
- Tissue culture vessels

### Equipment

- Biosafety Cabinet
- Water Bath, 37°C
- Centrifuge
- Incubator, 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>
- Pipet-Aid and Pipettes

## Procedure

<b>1.</b>	Immediately upon delivery <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Remove vial from shipping container and check that it is still frozen—if thawed, contact DV Biologics.</li> <li>• Transfer frozen vial immediately to liquid nitrogen until you are ready to thaw and begin cell culture.</li> </ul>
<b>2.</b>	Thawing Cells <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Perform and maintain all cell culture using aseptic techniques.</li> <li>• Prepare I-GRO medium. After mixing, store complete medium at 4°C for a maximum of 30 days.</li> <li>• Aliquot and warm only media required that day at 37°C.</li> <li>• Thaw cells rapidly and with agitation (See <a href="#">How to Thaw Cells</a>).             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Slowly dilute thawed cells with 3- to 10-fold excess cold FBS (or complete I-GRO medium).</li> <li>○ Centrifuge at 400 g for 5 minutes.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Remove supernatant and disperse cell pellet in fresh 37°C warm I-GRO.</li> <li>• Count cells (see <a href="#">How to Count Fresh Cells</a>).</li> </ul>
<b>3.</b>	Plating and Maintaining Cells <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prepare an aliquot of cells to plate at a density of 3.0 x 10<sup>3</sup> cells/cm<sup>2</sup>.</li> <li>• Carefully add cell suspension to cell culture vessel with no coating.</li> <li>• Place cell culture flasks/plates in incubator at 37°C and 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.</li> <li>• Feed cells every 2-3 days by completely replacing the medium. Observe cells daily.</li> <li>• Once cells become 60-70% confluent, feed more regularly (every other day).</li> <li>• When cells are nearing confluency (&gt; 80%), prepare vessels for passage/expansion.</li> </ul> NOTE: Do not let cells become overly confluent.
<b>4.</b>	Passaging Cells (for Details see <a href="#">How to Passage Cells</a> ). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aspirate and discard medium; wash cells with PBS without Ca<sup>2+</sup> and Mg<sup>2+</sup>, and aspirate.</li> <li>• Add TrypLE Express or equivalent enzyme solution at a volume that just covers the cell monolayer.</li> <li>• Incubate at 37°C; microscopically observe detachment of cells every 5 min; avoid toxic effects of enzymatic over-digestion.</li> <li>• Quench the enzyme digestion by adding 2- to 5-fold volume of I-GRO medium to the detached cells in enzyme solution.</li> <li>• Transfer the entire resulting cell suspension from the culture vessel to a centrifuge tube.</li> <li>• Centrifuge the cell suspension at 400 g at 4°C for 5 min. Aspirate supernatant.</li> <li>• Disperse the cell pellet in fresh 37° warm I-GRO, and take sample of this suspension to count cells.</li> <li>• To propagate cells, seed cells in culture vessels at a density of 3.0 x 10<sup>3</sup> cells/cm<sup>2</sup> in I-GRO medium.</li> <li>• If more cells are obtained than needed for re-plating, the additional cells may be frozen. (See <a href="#">How to Freeze Cells</a>).</li> </ul>